EL TORBELLINO

NEWSLETTER OF SAN DIEGO ORBITEERS FREE FLIGHT CLUB

NOVEMBER 2013



The Prez's Corner – Don Bartick

The Board finally got together at John Merrill's house for an evening of great food and intellectual discussions for the benefit of the Orbiteers. Minutes of the meeting should be found in this ET. Thank you John for hosting the Board Meeting.

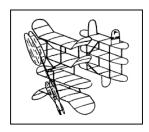
The Southern CA contest season is pretty much wrapped up for the season. A couple more Orbiteers monthlies and that's it. With that said, it's now time to get the projects on the board for the coming contest season. In my case, the 64th Annual Southwest Regionals are coming up mid-January at Eloy, AZ. This is always a great contest with lots of events. Google: Southwest Regionals Model Airplane Contest for details.

The joint relationship between the Orbiteers and Scale Staffels is great. The monthly indoor venue at Grossmont College is working out very well. Some keen competition for indoor models is being had. Those of you in Orbiteer land that haven't tried indoor model flying should give it a try. Once you do, you're hooked. Also, FAC scale completion is growing like weeds. A definite challenge for your building and flying skills.

This is a wrap for now.

Remember: "When you reach the end of your rope, tie a knot in it and hang on."

Thomas Jefferson



2013 ORBITEER FLYING SCHEDULE

Nov 17 - Nos. Rubber, Power, & Glider

Dec 15 - Coupe, Power, & Glider

* Non-Club Points Event Otay Field Weather (619) 661-8297

2013 INDOOR FLYING SCHEDULE

Nov 3 - A-6, Phantom Flash*, No-Cal*

Dec 1 - Phantom Flash, No-Cal*

Jan 5 - Penny Plane, Phn. Flsh*, No-Cal

Feb 2 - A-6, Phantom Flash*, No-Cal*

Mar 2 - Phantom Flash, No-Cal*

*Non-ORBITEER Points Event

MONEY MATTERS - H.Haupt

10/16/13 thru 11/15/13

Income:

n.a.

Expenses:

August Newsletter 4.12

Current Balance \$ 1,375.38



BOARD OF TRUSTEES

President / Chairman

Don Bartick (760) 789-3773

dbartick@4-warddesign.com

Vice President / Chairman

Larry Miller(858) 292-1434

Imiller1@ureach.com

<u>Secretary</u>

John Merrill(619) 449-4047

johnrmerrill@yahoo.com

Treasurer

Howard Haupt(858) 272-5656

hlhaupt1033@att.net

Trustees at Large

Mark Chomyn(760) 753-7164

chomyn@roadrunner.com

John Hutchison(619) 303-0785

johnhutchison1@cox.net

Mike Pykelny(858) 748-6235

MPykelny@dslextreme.com

ORBITEER TASK LEADERS

Safety Officer & Field Marshall

John Oldenkamp(619) 233-4837

boxbldr@hotmail.com

Competition Director

Larry Miller(858) 292-1434

Imiller1@ureach.com

Web Master & Yahoo Coordinator

Bob Beecroft(760) 723-2499

bob@theaerosmith.com

El Torbellino Editor

Howard Haupt(858) 272-5656

hlhaupt1033.@att.net

ORBITEERS MEMBERSHIP DUES

Annual Membership - \$15 Lifetime Membership - \$250 Non-Member Newsletter Subscription - \$15

Submit Dues to Club Treasurer:

Howard Haupt 3860 Ecochee Avenue San Diego, CA 92117-4622

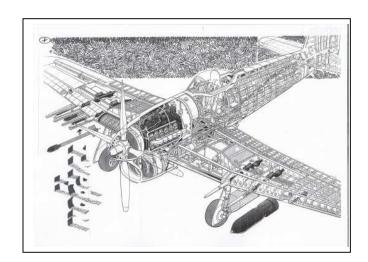
THE FINE PRINT THE FINE PRINT

El Torbellino is the official newsletter of the San Diego Orbiteers, an Academy of Model Aeronautics (AMA) Charter Club (#1113) and a California not for Profit Corporation. This newsletter is sent monthly to all paid members, selected exchange and magazine editors. Non-Members may subscribe at \$15.00 per year within the U.S.A., offshore price will be adjusted to reflect the postage required. Materials from El Torbellino may be reproduced on an unlimited basis by other publications, but proper credit is requested.

ORBITEER WEB SITE

www.SanDiegoOrbiteers.com

Webmaster: Bob Beecroft



HAWKER TYPHOON - Catapult Glider

The retired editor of Vol Libre, Andre' Schandel, has sent a multi-page article for our enjoyment for a Hawker Typhoon catapult glider. With a littler effort, it could be converted to No-Cal Scale. It is attached to the email that delivered this newsletter to you as a separate article.

2013 Southwest FAI Challenge October 26 & 27, 2013 Boulder City, Nevada

Bill Booth Jr. Contest Director



Eldorado Dry Lake, Boulder City, Nevada. There is something about the place that just makes me smile. The beautiful sunrises, the spectacular sunsets over the jagged red peaks and 5 square miles of dead flat unobstructed free flight nirvana. It has a few quirks, all free flight fields do these days, but add extraordinary weather to the package and it just doesn't get much better. From Thursday afternoon when we arrived through the completion of flyoffs Sunday afternoon, the wind never gusted over 10 MPH and the 2013 edition of the Southwest FAI Challenge went off without a hitch. There were 39 registered contestants and 60 total entries spread over 10 events. Rubber and Glider events remain the mainstays.

Newly endowed professional sportsman, Jim Parker topped the field of 10 F1A flyers that took he, Brian Van Nest and Shlomi Rosenzweig to the 7 minute flyoff round. Charlie Jones and Blake Jensen waited until the end of the 5 minute F1B flyoff and snagged the top two spots, with only Charlie making the max. Regular SW FAI competitor John Clapp took home third place besting the other 6 flyers in the flyoff who launched in a gaggle about mid round. Henning Nyhegn picked up the blue glass for first in F1C for the third straight year. John Oldenkamp collected first place Americas Cup points with a clean score in F1Q with Bernie Crowe and Mike Pykelny on his heels. We are always glad to see Glenn Schneider who took first (and last!) place in both F1P and Vintage FAI Power.

Sunday saw the local Las Vegas contingent come out to join us and fill up the P-30 field. Regulars Bob Hodes and Gerald Antonucci were pushed down to 2nd & 3rd respectively by another local, Bill Ervin who has returned to the hobby and has some nice looking models in his box. With 12 entries, F1G had the second highest entry total of the meet. Somehow or another I managed to eek enough out of an ageing model to best Ryan Jones and his Mom, Geralyn who finished second and third. F1H was the only event that was not resolved by normal flyoff procedure. After Brian Van Nest, Jim Parker & Kyle Jones easily made their 4 minute rounds, the Espresso Flyoff Tiebreaker was invoked leaving Brian atop the list followed by Jim and then Kyle. E-36 continues to be well supported. This year, new Las Vegas resident Mike Richardson took home top honors followed by John Oldenkamp and new SW FAI attendee, Jack Murphy from Salt Lake City. The early morning Espresso Flyoffs were won by Brian Van Nest in F1H as noted above, Tiffaney O'Dell with an extraordinary flight of 5:13 in F1G and Glenn Schneider in Vintage FAI Power. Once again sadly, no F1J contestants.

As always, there is much more than the competition that make this contest special. Thanks to Linda Piazza for grilling the dogs for our lunchtime appreciation, and to Bob Beecroft for his management of the scoring table and flyoffs. Norm Smith is still not able to fly, but it was a special treat to have he and Merry come down from lone just to visit and help out. Ziggy Limberger who we spent a lot of time with at the World Champs this summer in France stayed in the States long enough after son Rene's wedding, to take in his first SW FAI Challenge.

In keeping with tradition, when all the receipts are totaled up, the lion's share of the profit from the 2013 SW FAI Challenge will be contributed to the Junior Team Fund. One last note. The vote is complete and Boulder City will be the site for the 2014 FAI Team Selection Finals for the 2015 Team that will represent the USA in Mongolia in 2015. Plans are already underway for the 2014 SW FAI Challenge.

F1A (10) Jim Parker Brian Van Nest Shlomi Rosenzweig Kyle Jones Don Zink Lee Hines Sigfried Limberger Peter Brocks Randy Secor	210 210 210 210 210 150 000 127 122	180 210 180 180 165 180 180 180	180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 178	180 180 180 180 180 180 180 121 158	180 180 180 180 168 120 180 180	180 180 180 173 162 180 180 117	180 180 180 180 180 141 180 175 059	300 180 300	396 300 063	1986 286 1653 1283 1245 1131 1080 1080 1057	1876
Rene Limberger		210	180	083	075	106	180	180		1007	1014
F1B (16)											
Charlie Jones Blake Jensen John Clapp Bill Booth George Batiuk Jack Emery	240 240 240	240 240 180 180 240 180	180 180 180 180 180	180 180 180 180 180	180 180 180 180 180	180 180 180 180 180	180 180 180 180 180	180 180 244 202 180 196	300 266 200	1564 1522 1516	1620 1586 1520
Bob Piserchio Tiffaney O'Dell Roger Morrell Rich Rohrke Ryan Jones Aram Schlosberg Mike Richardson Jace Pivonka (JR) Tom loerger Richard Wood	208 240 182 163 123 162	240 240 180 180 170 157 127 180 240	180 180 180 180 180 180 130 089 180	180 180 180 166 180 180 135 180 180	180 180 180 180 115 180 177 180 180	180 180 169 180 180 180 180 162 119	180 180 174 180 180 178 150 180 000 000	180 180 180	159 151	1274 1255 1250 1095 1056 1044	1479 1471 1303
F1C (2)											
Henning Nyhegn Chuck Etherington	000 DNF	000	180	180	180	112	180			0832	
F1Q (4)											
John Oldenkamp Bernie Crowe Mike Pykelny Jack Murphy	180 100 109	180 144 180 134	180 180 180 180	180 180 096 172	180 113 180 096	180 128 180 180	180 180 141 159	180		1260 1057 1030	1105
F1P (1)											
Glenn Schneider	127	180	180	039	147	000	000			0673	

2013 SOUTHWES	CHALL	HALLENGE (Continued, page two)				October 26 & 27, 2013					
F1G (12)											
Bill Booth Ryan Jones Geralyn Jones Blake Jensen Peter Brocks Tom loerger Tiffaney O'Dell John Clapp Mike Richardson George Batiuk Bill Holt Jace Pivonka (JR)	120 120 120 120 120 120	120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 103 027	120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 021 000	180 180 120 120 159 145 120 134 116 000	240 234 171 168 140			1020 1014 0759 0745 0734 0597	0771 0768 0740 0480 0147
F1H (4)											
Brian Van Nest Jim Parker Kyle Jones Lee Hines	120 120 000	120 120 120 000	120 120 120 067	120 120 120 058	120 120 120 057	120 180 180	180 240 240	240 206 161	235	1226 1181 0182	1255
E-36 (5)											
Mike Richardson John Oldenkamp Jack Murphy Bernie Crowe Mike Pykelny	120 120 120 082	120 120 118 120 085	120 120 120 120 120	120 116 096						0480 0476 0358 0287	0336
P-30 (5)											
Bill Ervin Robert Hodes Gerald Antonucci Larry Schwarz Mike Richardson	120 120 DNF	120 117 120 120	120 110 105 094	143 118 058						0503 0345	0345 0272
VINTAGE FAI POWER		(1)									
Glenn Schneider	090	180	102	180	068					0620	





1st E-36 World Open

February 8-9, 2014

AMA sanctioned, AA, National Cup At the Isaacson Winter Classic Lost Hills, California



The World Open is a composite championship consisting of official flying over two flying days:

- 1. Saturday, February 8th, 8 a.m. 5 p.m. The regular Isaacson E-36 event flown to AMA rules. No rounds.
- 2. **Sunday February 9th**, ~8:45 a.m. Single attempt for single unlimited "champagne flight" timed to the ground, 15-second (or 10s in case of sustained wind over 3 meters per second) motor run, to be held between the first and second rounds of F1G-H-J, location TBA. Launch window will be a 10-minute FAI-style round. No builder-of-model rule in effect. Models must meet all other AMA E-36 rules.

World Open Rules

- 1. E-36 World Open champion will be the flyer who has the highest composite placing in the two days' events. Each event counts equally, for half of your final score. Points allocation is based on percentage of the winning score in each event.
- 2. Tiebreaker one: champagne flight placing.
- 3. Tiebreaker two: additional flyoff.



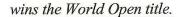
Sample calculations

Say the two winning scores are: Saturday AMA E-36, 645 seconds; Sunday champagne flight, 185 seconds.

A. John's AMA E-36 score: 583s (90.4% of the first place time), champagne flight score: 157s (84.9%). John's World Open final score is 87.7%.

B. Steve's AMA E-36 score: 559s (86.7%), Champagne flight score: 167s

(90.2%). Steve's World Open score is 88.4%... Steve



Awards

Awards to third place. Plus, \$400 in prize money (\$200 for first place, \$125 second place, \$75 third place). FLASH: \$50 to highest placing Jr./Sr. (under age 19).

More information

Isaacson entry fees apply (no extra fees to enter the *World Open*). Norm Furutani (Isaacson CD) norgin@earthlink.net, Don DeLoach ddeloach@comcast.net



Big thanks to our sponsors: anonymous (via Ralph Ray), John Oldenkamp, and Starlink-Flitetech Models

Concrete GPS from the 1920's

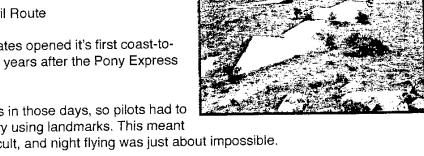
Every so often, usually in the vast deserts of the American Southwest, a hiker or a backpacker will run across something puzzling: a large concrete arrow, as much as seventy feet in length, sitting in the middle

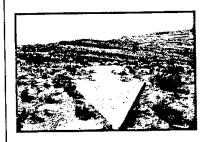
of scrub-covered nowhere. What are these giant arrows? Some kind of surveying mark? Landing beacons for flying saucers? Earth's turn signals?

No it's The Transcontinental Air Mail Route

On August 20, 1920, the United States opened it's first coast-tocoast airmail delivery route, just 60 years after the Pony Express closed up shop.

There were no good aviation charts in those days, so pilots had to eyeball their way across the country using landmarks. This meant that flying in bad weather was difficult, and night flying was just about impossible.



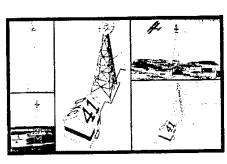


The postal service solved the problem with the world's first ground-based civilian navigation system: a series of lit beacons that would extend from New York to San Francisco. Every ten miles, pilots would pass a bright yellow concrete arrow. Each arrow would be surmounted by a 51 foot steel tower and lit by a million candle power rotating beacon. A generator shed at the tail of each arrow powered the beacon.

Now mail could get from the Atlantic to the Pacific not in a matter of weeks, but in just 30 hours or so.

Even the dumbest of air mail pilots, it seems, could follow a series of bright yellow arrows straight out of a Tex Avery cartoon. By 1924, just a year after Congress funded it, the line of giant concrete markers stretched from Rock Springs, Wyoming to Cleveland, Ohio. The next summer, it reached all the way to New York, and by 1929 it spanned the continent uninterrupted, the envy of postal systems worldwide.

Radio and radar are, of course, infinitely less cool than a concrete Yellow Brick Road from sea to shining sea, but I think we all know how this story

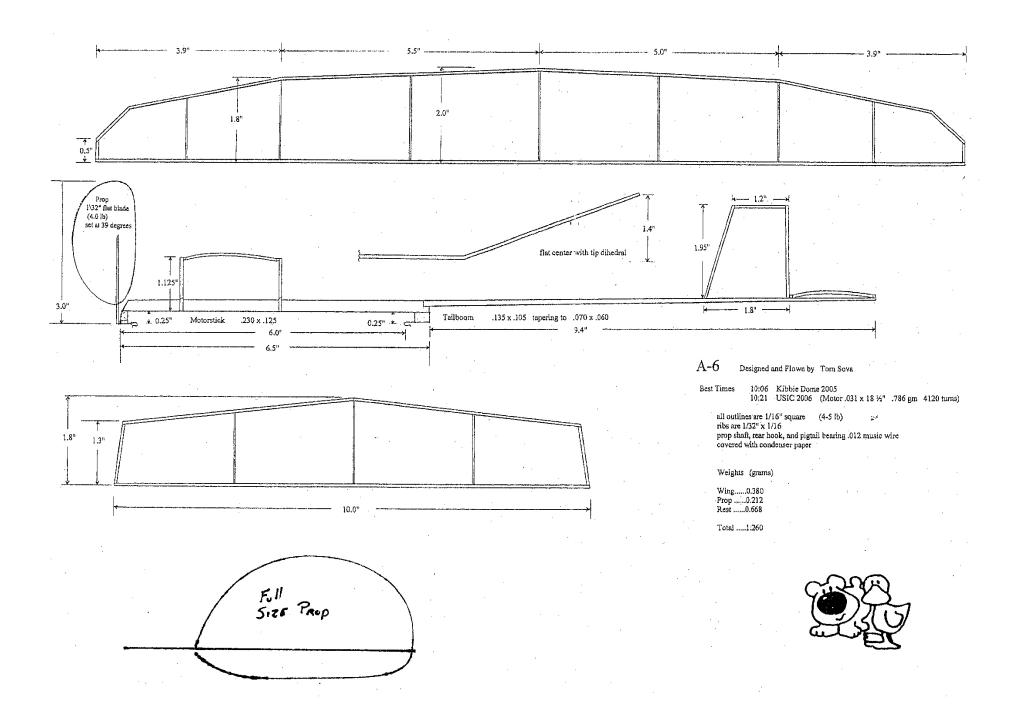


ends. New advances in communication and navigation technology made the big arrows obsolete, and the Commerce Department decommissioned the beacons in the 1940s. The steel towers were torn down and went to the war effort.

But the hundreds of arrows remain. Their yellow paint is gone, their concrete cracks a little more with every winter frost, and no one crosses their path much, except for coyotes and tumbleweeds.

But they're still out there.

Paul Carothers



Leading Edge

By Graham Warwick

Managing Editor-Technology Graham Warwick blogs at:

AviationWeek.com

warwick@aviationweek.com

COMMENTARY

Just Getting Started

Additive manufacturing drives new revolution

Additive manufacturing has captured industry's imagination, but even as the first parts appear inside jet engines, the technology's possibilities are only just being realized. As researchers experiment with new materials and optimized designs made possible by 3-D printing, the potential scale of the revolution in manufacturing is becoming clearer.

EADS Innovation Works and EOS, a leader in direct metal laser-sintering, have shown that replacing a cast-steel nacelle hinge bracket on an Airbus A320 with an additively manufactured titanium part, optimized to place metal where there are loads (see photos), cuts raw-material consumption 75%, saves 10 kg per shipset and reduces energy and emissions in production, operation and end-of-life recycling.

The challenge is to think beyond current materials and designs. To that end, Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) in Tennessee is placing thousands of 3-D printers in U.S. schools to give future designers and engineers experience with the technology. Already the lab has helped local high schools in the First Robotics competition—including building the first all-additive robot. Beginning this year with 250 machines, the lab plans to place 3,000 printers next year, then 4,000 and finally 28,000 so every high school in First Robotics has one.

Available desktop 3-D printers are being tested at ORNL to assess their capabilities. The lab's goal is to move from prototyping to production and enable distributed, "democratized" manufacturing where 3-D printers are a source of revenue for everybody, says Lonnie Love, group leader for automation, robotics and manufacturing—a high-tech return to the cottage industries that predated the Industrial Revolution.

Looking beyond consumer machines, ORNL is pushing the capabilities of additive manufacturing in



the materials, complexity and scale of components that can be printed. The lab is completing perhaps the most complex all-additive design yet: a two-armed, neutrally buoyant underwater robot for the Office of Naval Research. Channels for hydraulics and wiring, cylinders and cams for pistons actuating the joints are all integrated inside the printed metal arms. There are no external pipes or wires. "We are pushing the envelope in additive manufacturing and robotics with this," says Love.

ORNL, meanwhile, is working with additive-manufacturing equipment suppliers such as Arcam to expand the technology to new metals and larger parts, including laser-sintering of Inconel 718, a high-temperature superalloy used in turbine blades. But some of the most exciting work involves printing of reinforced plastics. Current 3-D-printed polymer parts are low-strength, and

can be used for ducting but not loadcarrying components. Now the lab has developed a way to infuse reinforcing carbon fibers into the raw material to print parts that can carry loads.

At 5-7 micrometers, conventional chopped carbon fibers are too thick to squeeze into the 0.25-in.-dia. thermoplastic filament that is fed into fusion-deposition molding (FDM) machines. ORNL has developed a way of producing fibers less than 500 nanometers in diameter.

When chopped, these nanofibers are small enough to mix into the FDM raw material, but have a length-todiameter ratio high enough to achieve

> the reinforcing effect. Strengths on par with 6000-series aluminum are possible, says Chad Duty, group leader for deposition science and technology.

Infusing reinforcing fibers into raw material is a key to scaling up 3-D printing to large parts—60-100 ft. in size—for aerospace. ORNL calls this broad-

area additive manufacturing, and the lab has been working with Lockheed Martin and an equipment manufacturer to develop the capability, initially to produce low-cost tooling but ultimately to print structures such as the wings of a large unmanned aircraft.

Large printed parts can warp because areas with different thicknesses cool at different rates—a core technical challenge with additive manufacturing. Adding 13% by volume of chopped carbon fiber to the thermoplastic-pellet feedstock provides twice the strength and four times the stiffness, and stops parts-warping as they cool, says Love.

As a next step, ORNL is working with an equipment supplier to build the prototype of a single machine that will print plastic parts, machine them to final shape and wrap them in reinforcing carbon-fiber tows to produce large structural components.

"We work with the equipment makers, because the OEMs want this technology throughout their supply base," says Craig Blue, director of ORNL's advanced manufacturing program.

SAN DIEGO ORBITEERS Howard L. Haupt / Editor 3860 Ecochee Avenue San Diego, California 92117-4266



WHAT'S HAPPENING - NOVEMBER / DECEMBER 2013

Nov. 17 - **Orbiteer Outdoor Monthly**, Otay Mesa, 8:00 am. Feature Event: Nos. Rubber Other Events: Power & Glider

Dec. 3 - Indoor Flying, Grossmont College (Upper Gym), 7:30 am to 11:30 am. Feature events: Phantom Flash Other Events: Phantom Flash & No-Cal.

Dec. 15 - Orbiteer Outdoor Monthly, Otay Mesa, 8:00 am, Coupe / Power & Glider